Security for Public Health Resilience in Michigan's Western Upper Peninsula

Shardul Tiwari *
Zoē Ketola
Chelsea Schelly
Eric Boyer-Cole







Project Overview



Research Site

 Michigan's Western Upper Peninsula



Purpose

- Examines the extent public health facilities in the Western Upper Peninsula (UP) of Michigan are prepared to navigate energy service disruptions
 - Region is historically, geographically, socially, and culturally unique
 - Focuses on disruptions caused by disasters, including severe inclement weather
- Considers how public health facilities can support community energy service needs during & after these disruptions



November 2022 to March 2023

Research Questions



To what extent are health facilities in the Western UP prepared to navigate the increasing occurrence and intensity of storms with a high likelihood of power system disruption?

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How can an evaluation of preparedness help inform decision-making that can enhance energy service access and promote health resilience in rural and Tribal communities in this region?

Methods

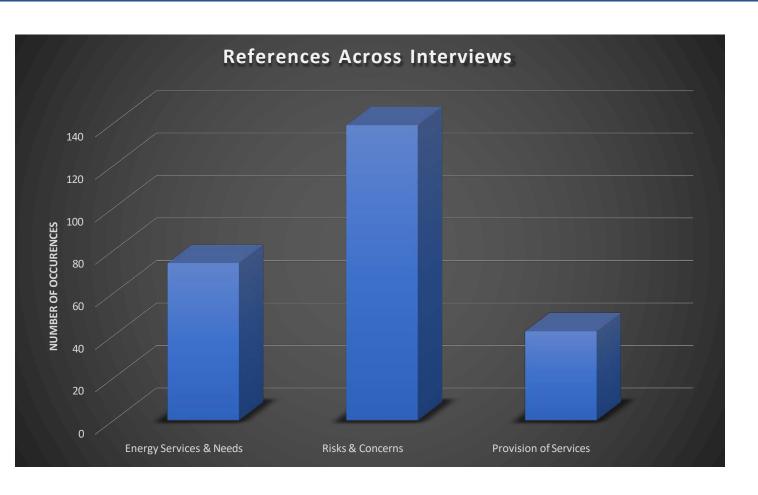
Interviews

- Semi-structured, qualitative interviews
 - Snowball sampling
 - Eleven interviews, Fourteen interviewees
 - Facility administrators, non-profit leaders, emergency managers
 - Coded using Nvivo
- Two questions sets
 - Questions focused on weather, energy outages, community needs
 - 1 set of questions was tailored for facility administrators
 - 1 set of questions was tailored for general public health stakeholders

Survey

- Online survey for facility administrators
 - Responses requested from health facility administrators following their interviews
 - 4 facility responses
 - Survey asked technical details related to health facility energy services

Preliminary Findings



- 14 initial codes, 3 main categories
 - Energy Services & Needs
 - Risks & Concerns
 - Provision of Services
- Self-Reliance for better or for worse
 - "Just make it work"
 - Strong focus on community relationships, lack of expectation that outside entities will help
 - The Western UP is at the tail end for services, support, and severe weather

Public Health Implications



- Heightened vulnerability to public health issues due to extreme weather, aging energy services infrastructure, and location.
- Older, rural populations experience real issues accessing care at the best of times

Planning community energy service needs is imperative for public health during and after disaster

Public Health Implication



Heightened vulnerability to public health issues:

- Geography and rurality of UP leads to dependency on imported fuel
- Relationship between energy services/infrastructure and public health
- Access to health services can be further harmed during disasters and the long-term outages that accompany them



Public Health Implication



Older, rural populations experience real issues accessing care at the best of times

- Limited proactive planning to serve energy service needs of community during/after disaster
- Quantifying needs and type of health service community needs

Public Health Implication



Planning community energy service needs is imperative for public health during and after disaster

- Proactive planning for localized energy security
- Cultural, infrastructural, and institutional dynamics intersect to exacerbate vulnerabilities for public health



Acknowledgements

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