

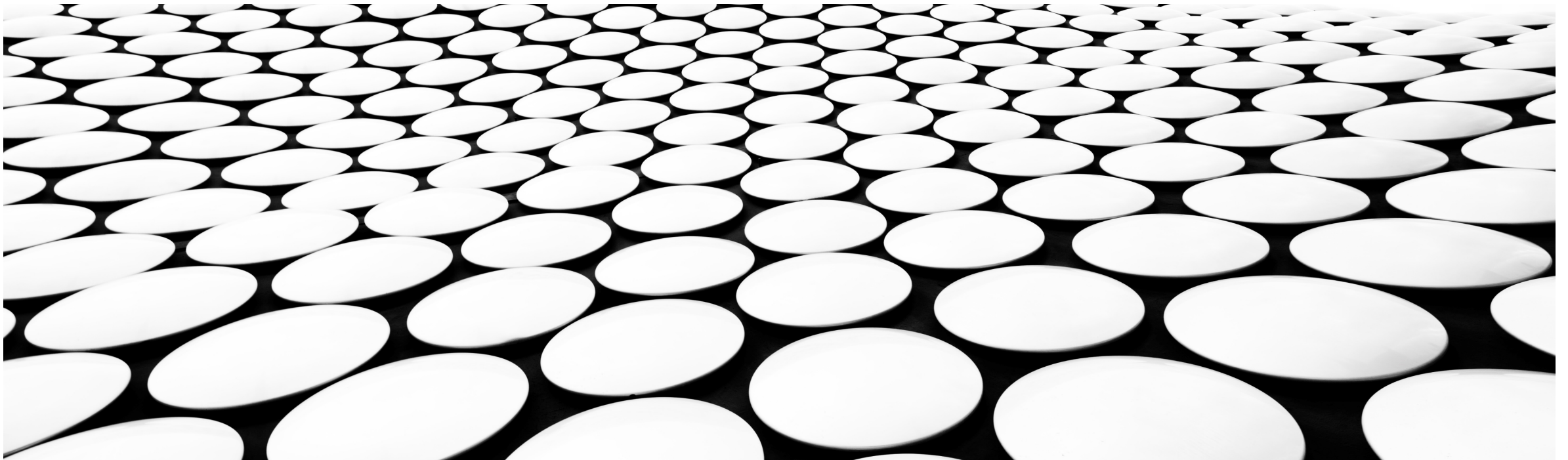
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# 20 YEARS: THE DISASTER MITIGATION ACT OF 2000

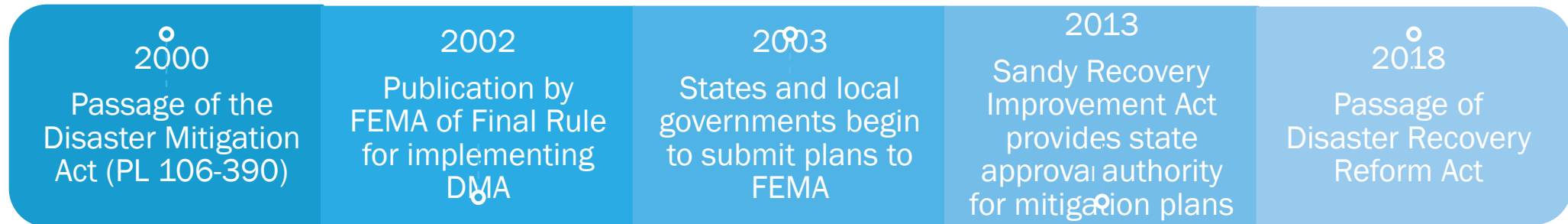
JIM SCHWAB, FAICP

MAKING MITIGATION WORK WEBINAR, OCTOBER 13, 2020

SPONSORED BY THE NATURAL HAZARDS CENTER, FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, AND THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION



# TIMELINE OF DISASTER MITIGATION ACT INCLUDING IMPLEMENTATION AND ADDITIONAL MITIGATION PROGRAMS





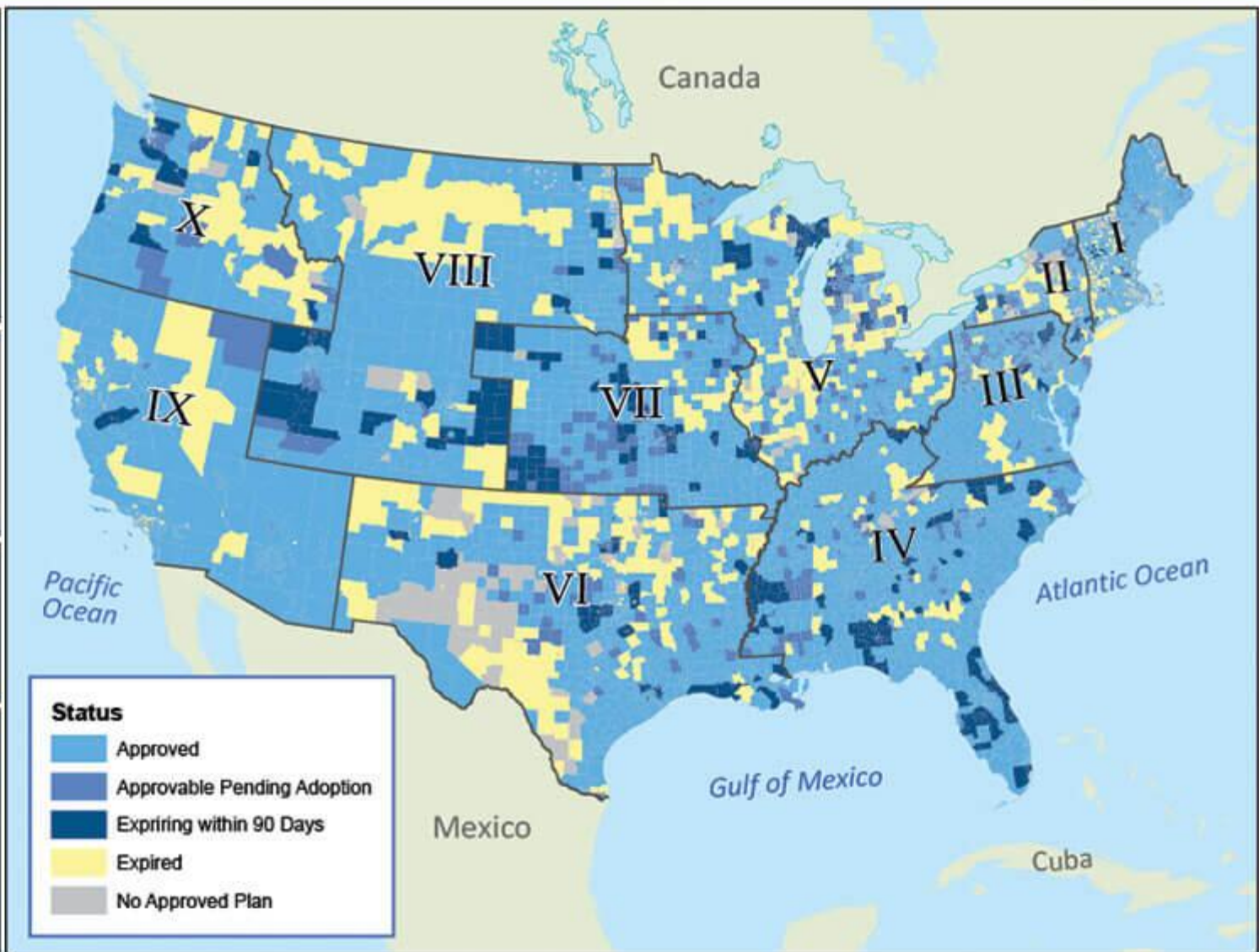
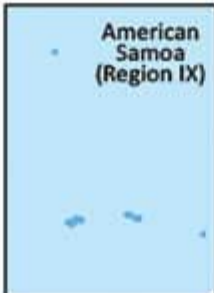
## WHAT DMA2K ACCOMPLISHED: LEGISLATION & RULES

- Tied FEMA mitigation grants (HMGP, PDM, Flood Mitigation) to adoption of an approved state or local hazard mitigation plan
- Established a national Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) program to supplement post-disaster Hazard Mitigation Grant Program
- State administration of Hazard Mitigation Plan programs
- Created methodology and requirements through rules and guidance for developing HMPs
- Created five-year cycle of updates for local plans
- Provisions for additional funding for states with enhanced mitigation plans (i.e., “going the extra mile”)



## WHAT DMA2K ACCOMPLISHED: IMPACTS

- All 50 states, DC, and five territories (including Puerto Rico) have FEMA-approved state mitigation plans
- 14 states with enhanced mitigation plans
- 6 states with authority to approve local mitigation plans
- 25,100 local governments have (approved or adoptable) hazard mitigation plans
- 240 tribal governments have approved tribal plans
- 87% of U.S. population now lives in jurisdictions covered by local or tribal plans



Local Hazard Mitigation Plan Status  
as of June 30, 2020

# REPLACING PDM WITH BRIC

- Disaster Recovery Reform Act authorizes infrastructure grant program to replace failing PDM
- Provides steady source of funding as portion of disaster assistance, ending reliance on annual appropriations
- Summer 2020: FEMA rolls out new Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) program with new guidelines and \$500 million in grants funding